

SOA-1080-20-YY-40dB

High-gain Semiconductor Optical Amplifier



Features:

- Ultra high gain up to 38dB at 1080nm
- · High saturation output power
- Low ripples
- · Strong linear polarization
- RoHS compliance

Applications:

- Swept-source, tunable lasers
- · Booster optical amplifiers
- Optical preamplifiers
- Optical coherence tomography (OCT)

| SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| Test conditions: CW operation, chip temperature 25°C, the case is mounted on room temperature heatsink | | | | | | | |
| Parameters | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | | | |
| Operating current (lop) | | 400 | 500 | mA | | | |
| Forward voltage @ lop | | 1.5 | 1.7 | V | | | |
| Gain | | | | | | | |
| Small signal gain ^{1 2} | 35 | 38 | | dB | | | |
| Gain mean wavelength¹ | 1070 | 1085 | 1090 | nm | | | |
| Gain bandwidth¹ @ -3dB | 20 | 27 | | nm | | | |
| Gain saturation output power² @ -3dB | 15 | 17 | | dBm | | | |
| Noise figure ³ *** | | 7 | | dB | | | |
| Amplified Spontaneous Emission (ASE)* | | | | | | | |
| ASE optical power ex fiber from each port | 30 | 40 | | mW | | | |
| ASE mean wavelength | 1070 | 1080 | 1090 | nm | | | |
| ASE bandwidth @ -3dB | 20 | 28 | | nm | | | |
| ASE** spectrum ripples³ (RMS in 1nm range, 10pm resolution) | | 0.02 | 0.2 | dB | | | |
| ASE rise time | | 0.15 | | ns | | | |
| ASE fall time | | 0.5 | | ns | | | |
| ASE polarization extinction ratio (PER) at each port | 15 | 20 | | dB | | | |

¹ at -25dBm input optical power

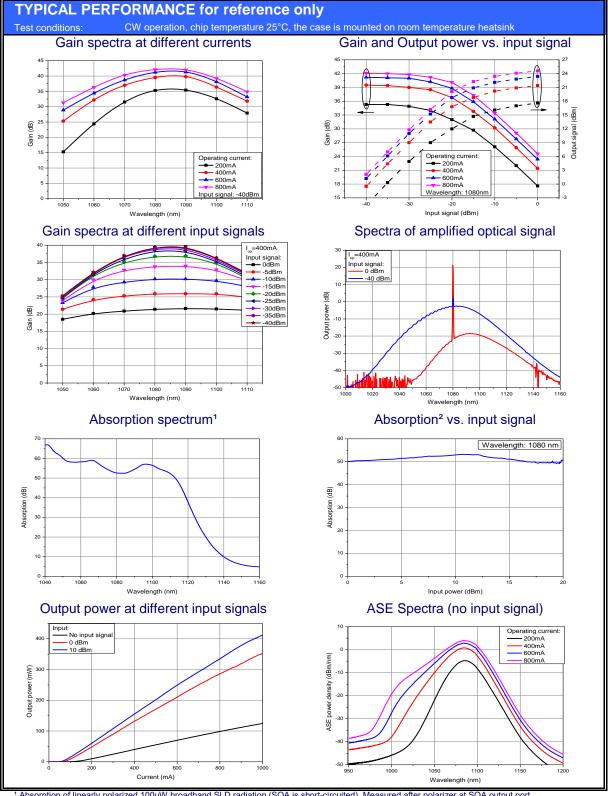
² at wavelength of gain maximum ³ at wavelength of ASE maximum

| TYPICAL SOA PARAMETERS vs. OPERATING CURRENT | | | | | |
|--|----------|------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Test conditions: CW operation, input signal -25dBm, chip temperature 25°C, case temperature 25°C | | | | | |
| Operating Current, mA | Gain, dB | Gain bandwidth @ -3dB, nm | Saturation output power @ -3dB, dBm | Ripples RMS, dB | |
| 200 | 34 | 25 | 12 | 0.01 | |
| 400 | 39 | 27 | 17 | 0.02 | |
| 600 | 41 | 29 | 19 | 0.03 | |
| 800 | 42 | 31 | 21 | 0.04 | |

| ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| Parameters | Min. | Max. | Unit | | |
| SOA reverse voltage | - | 2 | V | | |
| SOA CW forward current | - | 1000 | mA | | |
| Input optical power | - | 20 | dBm | | |
| Thermo Electric Cooler current | - | 3 | Α | | |
| Thermo Electric Cooler voltage | - | 4 | V | | |
| Fiber bend radius | 3 | - | cm | | |
| Chip operating temperature range | 10 | 40 | °C | | |
| Case operating temperature range | 0 | 70 | °C | | |
| Storage temperature range | -40 | 85 | °C | | |

^{*} without input light





Absorption of linearly polarized 100uW broadband SLD radiation (SOA is short-circuited). Measured after polarizer at SOA output port.

Part Number Identification

Y: Optical fiber type (PM – PM980 fiber; HI – HI1060 fiber)

Example: SOA-1080-20-PM-40dB

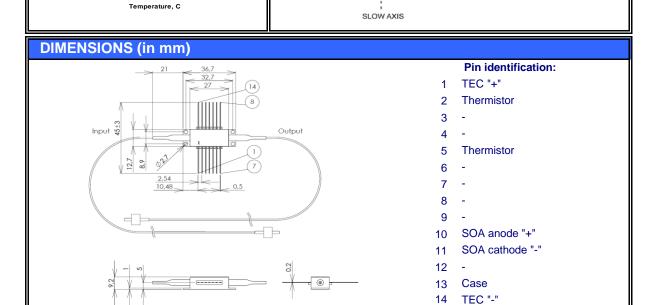
NOTE: Innolume product specifications are subject to change without notice

² Absorption of linearly polarized single-frequency laser radiation (SOA is short-circuited). Measured after polarizer at SOA output port



| THERMISTOR S | SPECIFIC | ATION | N FIBER SPECIFICATION | | | |
|------------------|--|-------|--|--|---------|------|
| Parameters | Value | Unit | Parameters | HI1060 | PM980 | Unit |
| Thermistor type | NTC | - | Numerical aperture (Typical) | 0.14 | 0.12 | |
| Resistance @25°C | 10 ± 0.1 | kOhm | Cutoff wavelength | 920±50 | 900±70 | nm |
| Beta 0-50°C | 3375±1% | K | Mode-field diameter @1060nm | 6.2±0.3 | 6.6±0.3 | μm |
| | | | Cladding diameter | 125±1 | 125±1 | μm |
| | | | Coating diameter | 245±15 | 245±15 | μm |
| R-T CUI | R-T CURVE Length (each port) 1.0 ± 0.1 1.0 ± 0.1 | | m | | | |
| 30000 | | | Connector | FC/APC (narrow key) | | |
| 25000 | | | Connector alignment to the PANDA fiber | | | |
| E 20000 | | | CONNECTOR KEY | The output light is polarized along the slow axis of PM fiber. | | |

FAST



SAFETY AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The light emitted from this device is invisible and can be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the fiber connector when the device is in operation. Proper laser safety eyewear must be worn during operation with open connector.

Absolute Maximum Ratings may be applied to the device for short period of time only. Exposure to maximum ratings for extended period of time or exposure to more than one maximum rating may cause damage or affect the reliability of the device. Operating the device outside of its maximum ratings may cause device failure or a safety hazard. Power supplies used with the component must be employed such that the maximum forward current cannot be expected.

A proper heatsink for the device on thermal radiator is required. The device must be mounted on radiator with 4 screws (bolt down in X-style fashion with initial torque set to 0.075Nm and final X-style bolt down at 0.15Nm) or with clamps. The deviation from flatness of radiator surface must be less than 0.05mm. It's recommended using of Indium foil or thermal conductive and soft material between bottom of the case and heatsink for thermal interface. It's undesirable to use thermal grease for this.

Avoid back reflection to the device. It may give impact on the device performance in aspects of spectrum and power stability. It also may cause fatal facet damage. Using of optical isolators is highly recommended to block back reflection.

Do not pull the fiber. Do not bend a fiber with a radius smaller than 3 cm. Fiber tip should always be protected from any contamination or damage during the process of installation. After removing the dust-preventing cap covered at fiber tip, carefully clean fiber tip by wiping through one direction using optical lens cleaning paper or cotton swab dabbed with Iso-Propanol or Ethyl alcohol. Operate the device with clean fiber connector only.

Electrostatic discharge is the primary cause of unexpected product failure. Take extreme precaution to prevent ESD. During device installation, ESD protection has to be maintained - use wrist straps, grounded work surfaces and rigorous antistatic techniques when handling the product.



10000

5000





